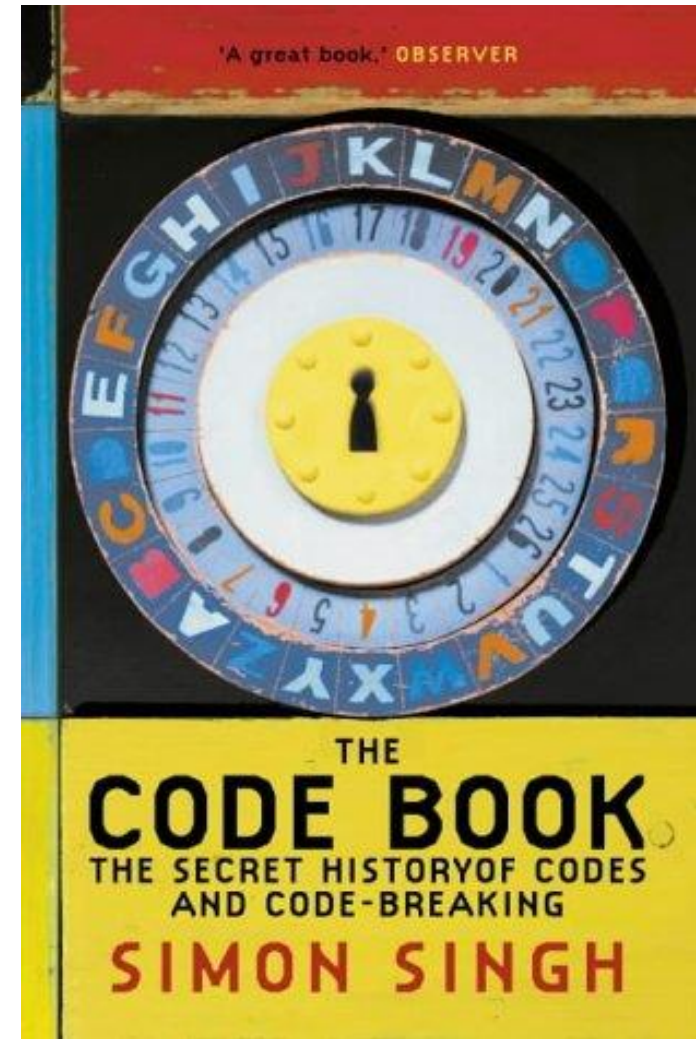
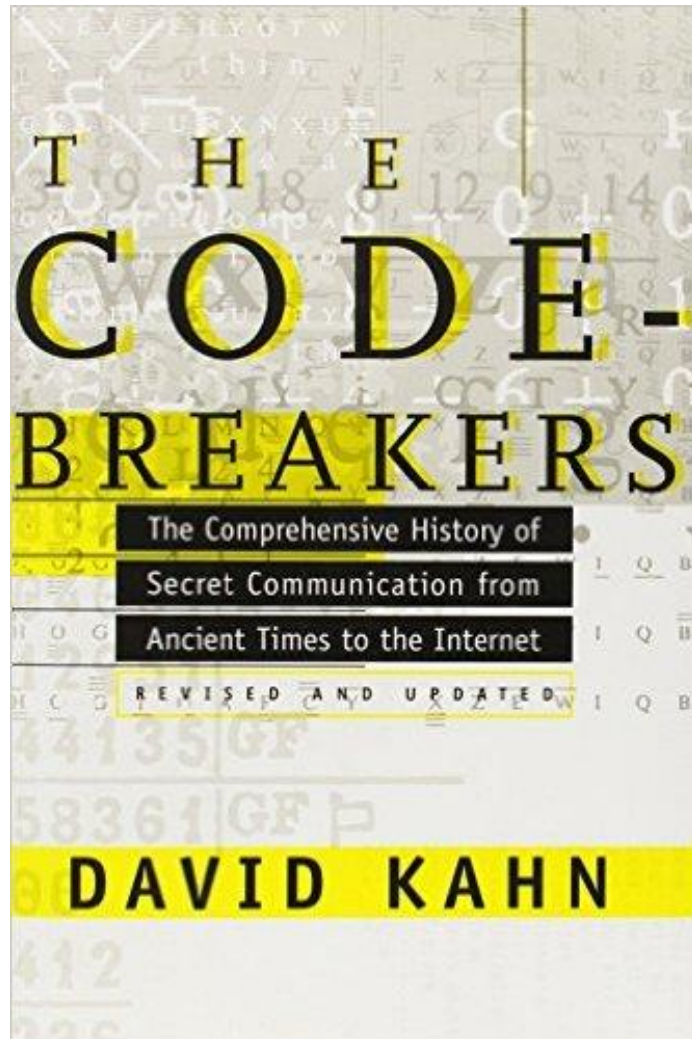


# Cryptanalysis

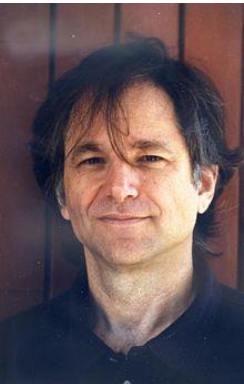
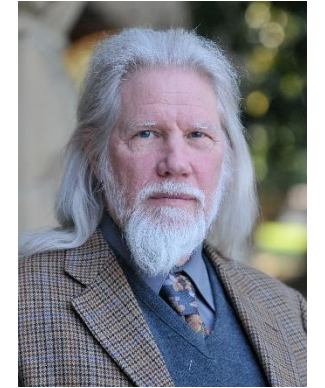
A walk through time

Arka Rai Choudhuri

[arkarai.choudhuri@gmail.com](mailto:arkarai.choudhuri@gmail.com)



# How many can you identify?

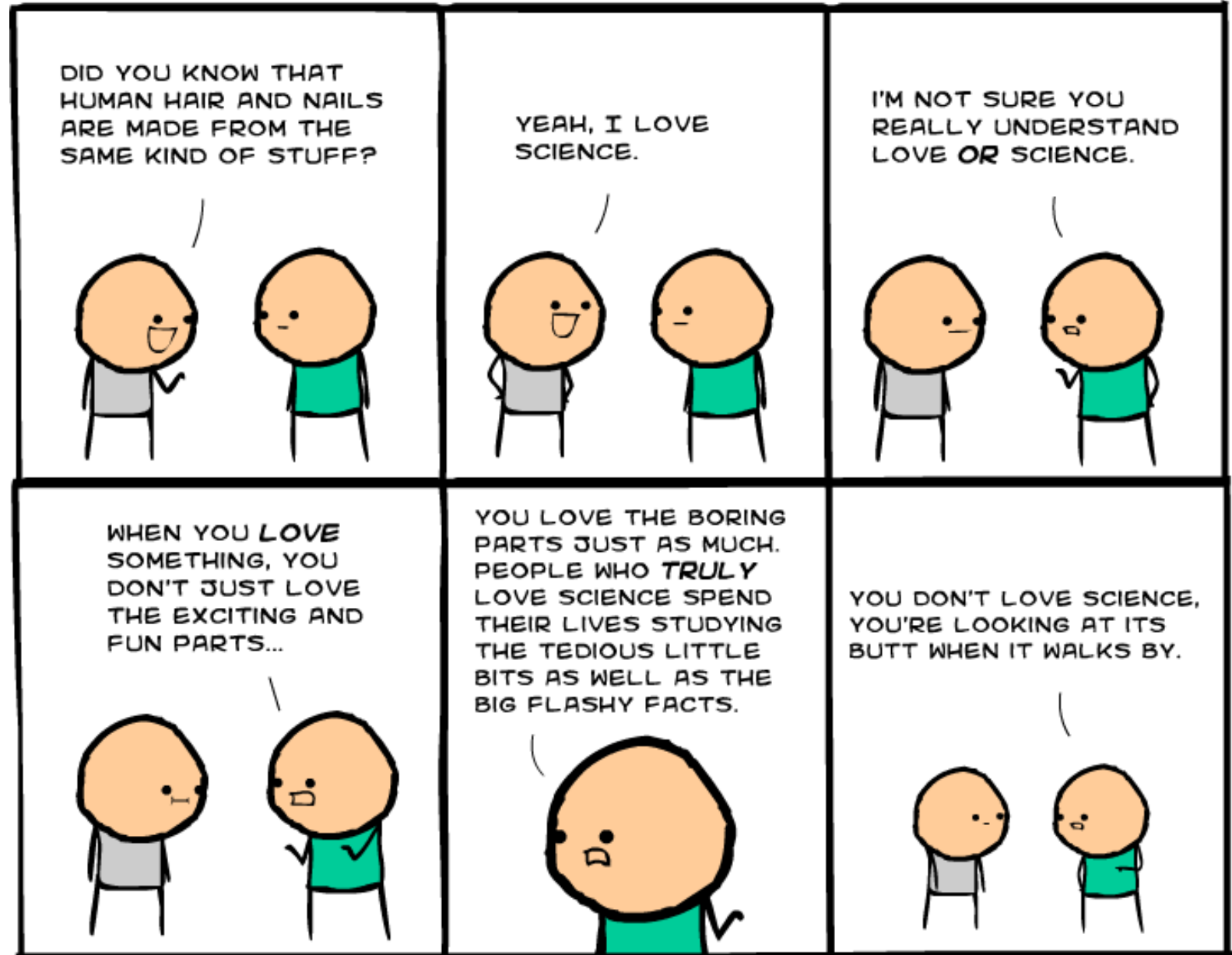


A	B	C	J	K	L
D	E	F	M	N	O
G	H	I	P	Q	R
<del>S</del>			<del>W</del>		
<del>T</del>		<del>U</del>	<del>X</del>	<del>Y</del>	
		<del>V</del>		<del>Z</del>	

# History

(or how I will give you hope of becoming world famous and earning \$70 million along the way)

# Disclaimer



# Cryptography's butt

AOUSATUPRSVNEG



SOURAV SEN GUPTA

USVRAO ENS PUTGA

Transposition Cipher

# Caesar cipher



Simple shifting of letters.

Plain alphabet	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z
Cipher alphabet	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	B	C

Only 13 possible keys.

Easy to break exhaustively.

# Substitution Cipher

Earliest mention in the Kama-sutra.

Plain alphabet	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z
Cipher alphabet	X	Z	A	V	O	I	D	B	Y	G	E	R	S	P	C	F	H	J	K	L	M	N	Q	T	U	W

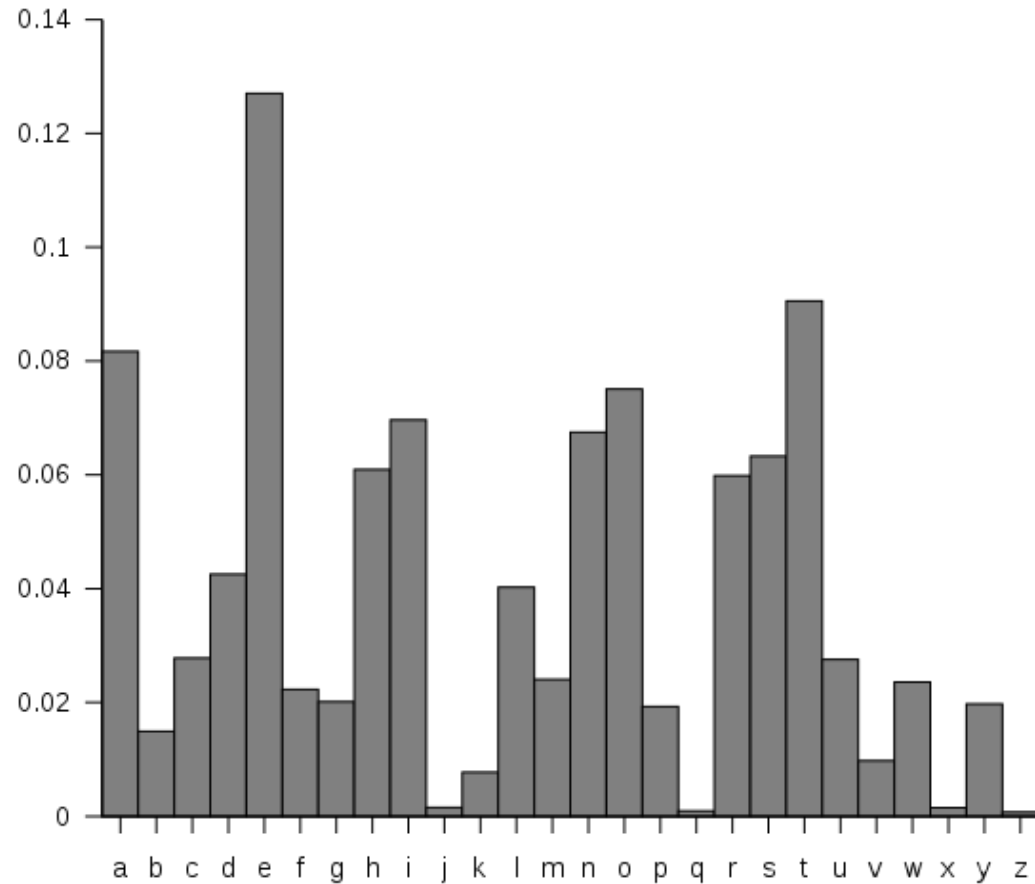
26! Number of keys.

403 291 461 126 605 635 584 000 000

88 bits of secrecy.



# Structure of the English language



Move to digrams  
and trigrams for  
better results.

# Mary Queen of Scots (16<sup>th</sup> Century)



Assassinate →







Elizabeth RAVINE.

W. Gardiner, Sc.

The Queen, laying herself down on the Ground, and stretching forth her Neck on the Block, repeats many times, "Into thy Hands, O Lord! do I commit my Spirit."

# Vigenère cipher (16<sup>th</sup> century)



Overcome the statistical weakness of ciphers?

Polyalphabetic ciphers

- A letter in the cipher can represent multiple letters from the plain text

Not broken till the 19<sup>th</sup> century.

Keyword	W	H	I	T	E	W	H	I	T	E	W	H	I	T	E	W	H	I	T	E	W	H	I
Plaintext	d	i	v	e	r	t	t	r	o	o	p	s	t	o	e	a	s	t	r	i	d	g	e
Ciphertext	Z	P	D	X	V	P	A	Z	H	S	L	Z	B	H	I	W	Z	B	K	M	Z	N	M

How do we figure out the length?

Use properties of the English language.

$$\sum_{i=0}^{25} p_i^2 \approx 0.065$$

If  $p_i$  follow the letter frequencies. Else,

$$\sum_{i=0}^{25} \frac{1}{26^2} \approx 0.038$$

# Increase the keyword length?

Create a keyword that is as long as the message.

Can't use the methods discussed previously.

**Are we done?**

<b>Key</b>	? ?
<b>Plaintext</b>	? ?
<b>Ciphertext</b>	<b>V H R M H E U Z N F Q D E Z R W X F I D K</b>

<b>Key</b>	<b>C A N ? ? ? B S J ? ? ? ? ? Y P T ? ? ? ?</b>
<b>Plaintext</b>	<b>t h e ? ? ? t h e ? ? ? ? ? t h e ? ? ? ?</b>
<b>Ciphertext</b>	<b>V H R M H E U Z N F Q D E Z R W X F I D K</b>

Key            C A N ? ? ? ? ? A P O C A L Y P T I C ? ?  
Plaintext     t h e ? ? ? ? ? n q c b e o t h e x g ? ?  
Ciphertext   V H R M H E U Z N F Q D E Z R W X F I D K

Key            C A N ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? C R Y P T ? ? ? ?  
Plaintext     t h e ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? c i t h e ? ? ? ?  
Ciphertext   V H R M H E U Z N F Q D E Z R W X F I D K

Key            C A N ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? E G Y P T ? ? ? ?  
Plaintext     t h e ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? a t t h e ? ? ? ?  
Ciphertext   V H R M H E U Z N F Q D E Z R W X F I D K

Key	C A N A D A ? ? ? ? ? ? E G Y P T ? ? ? ?
Plaintext	t h e m e e ? ? ? ? ? ? a t t h e ? ? ? ?
Ciphertext	V H R M H E U Z N F Q D E Z R W X F I D K

Key	C A N A D A B R A Z I L E G Y P T C U B A
Plaintext	t h e m e e t i n g i s a t t h e d o c k
Ciphertext	V H R M H E U Z N F Q D E Z R W X F I D K

Failed because the key wasn't "random" enough?

# What is random?

```
int getRandomNumber()  
{  
    return 4; // chosen by fair dice roll.  
             // guaranteed to be random.  
}
```

<https://xkcd.com/221/>



<http://dilbert.com/strip/2001-10-25>

# Why does it work?

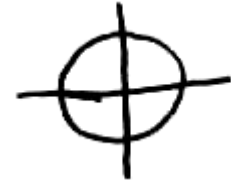
Key	P L M O E Z Q K J Z L R T E A V C R C B Y
Plaintext	a t t a c k t h e v a l l e y a t d a w n
Ciphertext	P E F O G J J R N U L C E I Y V V U C X L

Key	M A A K T G Q K J N D R T I F D B H K T S
Plaintext	d e f e n d t h e h i l l a t s u n s e t
Ciphertext	P E F O G J J R N U L C E I Y V V U C X L

Generate all possible plaintexts from a given ciphertext.

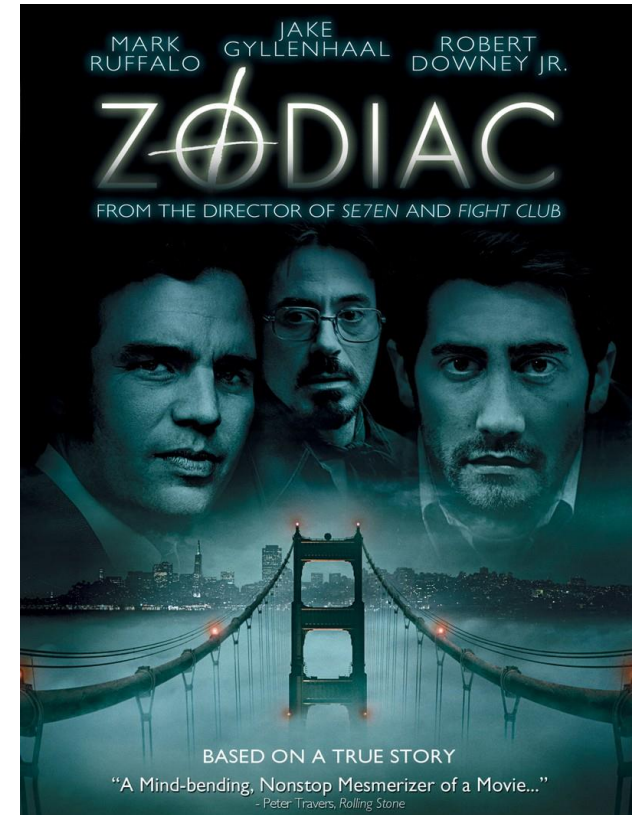
All the keys will look random.

# Zodiac



Late 60s in the US.

Killer sent ciphers to solve.



Δ □ P / Z / U B □ X O R π 9 X π B  
W V + ε G Y F ⊙ Δ H P □ K ε ρ Y ε  
M J γ Λ U I X Δ ρ T ⊥ N ⊙ Y D ⊙ ⊙  
S ⊙ / Δ ■ B P O R A U □ 7 R J ρ E  
X Λ L M Z J ⊙ R \ 9 F H V W ε Δ Y  
□ + ρ ⊙ Δ K I ⊙ ⊙ ρ X Δ ⊙ ⊙ S φ  
R N ⊥ I Y E J O Δ ρ G B T ⊙ S ■ B  
L ⊙ / P ■ B □ X ρ E H M U Λ R R X

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E  
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.

“I LIKE KILLING PEOPLE BECAUSE IT IS SO MUCH FUN IT IS MORE FUN THAN KILLING WILD GAME IN THE FORREST BECAUSE MAN IS THE MOST DANGEROUS ANIMAL OF ALL TO KILL SOMETHING GI..”



This is the Zodiac speaking  
By the way have you cracked  
the last cipher I sent you?  
My name is —

A E N ⊕ ⊗ K ⊗ M ⊗ ↓ N A M



I am mildly cerous as to how  
much money you have on my  
head now. I hope you do not  
think that I was the one  
who wiped out that blue  
meannie with a bomb at the  
cop station. Even though I talked  
about killing school children with  
one. It just wouldnt doo to  
move in on someone elses territory.  
But there is more glory in killing  
a cop than a cid because a cop  
can shoot back. I have killed  
ten people to date. It would  
have been a lot more except  
that my bar bomb was a dud.  
I was swamped out by the  
rain we had a while back.

# Beale cipher

THE  
BEALE PAPERS,

CONTAINING

AUTHENTIC STATEMENTS

REGARDING THE

TREASURE BURIED

IN

1819 AND 1821,

NEAR

BUFORDS, IN BEDFORD COUNTY, VIRGINIA,

AND

WHICH HAS NEVER BEEN RECOVERED.

~~~~~  
PRICE FIFTY CENTS.  
~~~~~

LYNCHBURG:  
VIRGINIAN BOOK AND JOB PRINT,  
1883.

### 3 cipher

- Location
- Contents
- Names of treasure owners

3 cipher

- Location
- **Contents**
- Names of treasure owners

Buried treasure of gold, silver and jewels estimated to be worth over US\$63 million as of September 2011

115, 73, 24, 807, 37, 52, 49, 17, 31, 62, 647, 22, 7, 15, 140, 47, 29, 107, 79, 84, 56, 239, 10, 26, 811, 5, 196, 308, 85, 52, 160, 136, 59, 211, 36, 9, 46, 316, 554, 122, 106, 95, 53, 58, 2, 42, 7, 35, 122, 53, 31, 82, 77, 250, 196, 56, 96, 118, 71, 140, 287, 28, 353, 37, 1005, 65, 147, 807, 24, 3, 8, 12, 47, 43, 59, 807, 45, 316, 101, 41, 78, 154, 1005, 122, 138, 191, 16, 77, 49, 102, 57, 72, 34, 73, 85, 35, 371, 59, 196, 81, 92, 191, 106, 273, 60, 394, 620, 270, 220, 106, 388, 287, 63, 3, 191, 122, 43, 234, 400, 106, 290, 314, 47, 48, 81, 96, 26, 115, 92, 158, 191, 110, 77, 85, 197, 46, 10, 113, 140, 353, 48, 120, 106, 2, 607, 61, 420, 811, 29, 125, 14, 20, 37, 105, 28, 248, 16, 159, 7, 35, 19, 301, 125, 110, 486, 287, 98, 117, 511, 62, 51, 220, 37, 113, 140, 807, 138, 540, 8, 44, 287, 388, 117, 18, 79, 344, 34, 20, 59, 511, 548, 107, 603, 220, 7, 66, 154, 41, 20, 50, 6, 575, 122, 154, 248, 110, 61, 52, 33, 30, 5, 38, 8, 14, 84, 57, 540, 217, 115, 71, 29, 84, 63, 43, 131, 29, 138, 47, 73, 239, 540, 52, 53, 79, 118, 51, 44, 63, 196, 12, 239, 112, 3, 49, 79, 353, 105, 56, 371, 557, 211, 515, 125, 360, 133, 143, 101, 15, 284, 540, 252, 14, 205, 140, 344, 26, 811, 138, 115, 48, 73, 34, 205, 316, 607, 63, 220, 7, 52, 150, 44, 52, 16, 40, 37, 158, 807, 37, 121, 12, 95, 10, 15, 35, 12, 131, 62, 115, 102, 807, 49, 53, 135, 138, 30, 31, 62, 67, 41, 85, 63, 10, 106, 807, 138, 8, 113, 20, 32, 33, 37, 353, 287, 140, 47, 85, 50, 37, 49, 47, 64, 6, 7, 71, 33, 4, 43, 47, 63, 1, 27, 600, 208, 230, 15, 191, 246, 85, 94, 511, 2 270, 20, 39, 7, 33, 44, 22, 40, 7, 10, 3, 811, 106, 44, 486, 230, 353, 211, 200, 31, 10, 38, 140, 297, 61, 603, 320, 302, 666, 287, 2, 44, 33, 32, 511, 548, 10, 6, 250, 557, 246, 53, 37, 52, 83, 47, 320, 38, 33, 807, 7, 44, 30, 31, 250, 10, 15, 35, 106, 160, 113, 31, 102, 406, 230, 540, 320, 29, 66, 33, 101, 807, 138, 301, 316, 353, 320, 220, 37, 52, 28, 540, 320, 33, 8, 48, 107, 50, 811, 7, 2, 113, 73, 16, 125, 11, 110, 67, 102, 807, 33, 59, 81, 158, 38, 43, 581, 138, 19, 85, 400, 38, 43, 77, 14, 27, 8, 47, 138, 63, 140, 44, 35, 22, 177, 106, 250, 314, 217, 2, 10, 7, 1005, 4, 20, 25, 44, 48, 7, 26, 46, 110, 230, 807, 191, 34, 112, 147, 44, 110, 121, 125, 96, 41, 51, 50, 140, 56, 47, 152, 540, 63, 807, 28, 42, 250, 138, 582, 98, 643, 32, 107, 140, 112, 26, 85, 138, 540, 53, 20, 125, 371, 38, 36, 10, 52, 118, 136, 102, 420, 150, 112, 71, 14, 20, 7, 24, 18, 12, 807, 37, 67, 110, 62, 33, 21, 95, 220, 511, 102, 811, 30, 83, 84, 305, 620, 15, 2, 108, 220, 106, 353, 105, 106, 60, 275, 72, 8, 50, 205, 185, 112, 125, 540, 65, 106, 807, 188, 96, 110, 16, 73, 33, 807, 150, 409, 400, 50, 154, 285, 96, 106, 316, 270, 205, 101, 811, 400, 8, 44, 37, 52, 40, 241, 34, 205, 38, 16, 46, 47, 85, 24, 44, 15, 64, 73, 138, 807, 85, 78, 110, 33, 420, 505, 53, 37, 38, 22, 31, 10, 110, 106, 101, 140, 15, 38, 3, 5, 44, 7, 98, 287, 135, 150, 96, 33, 84, 125, 807, 191, 96, 511, 118, 440, 370, 643, 466, 106, 41, 107, 603, 220, 275, 30, 150, 105, 49, 53, 287, 250, 208, 134, 7, 53, 12, 47, 85, 63, 138, 110, 21, 112, 140, 485, 486, 505, 14, 73, 84, 575, 1005, 150, 200, 16, 42, 5, 4, 25, 42, 8, 16, 811, 125, 160, 32, 205, 603, 807, 81, 96, 405, 41, 600, 136, 14, 20, 28, 26, 353, 302, 246, 8, 131, 160, 140, 84, 440, 42, 16, 811, 40, 67, 101, 102, 194, 138, 205, 51, 63, 241, 540, 122, 8, 10, 63, 140, 47, 48, 140, 288.

Was it an elaborate  
hoax?

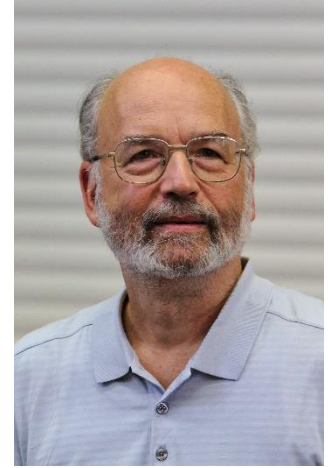
Why has it withstood  
cryptanalysis for  
centuries?

# Enigma



Marian Rejewski

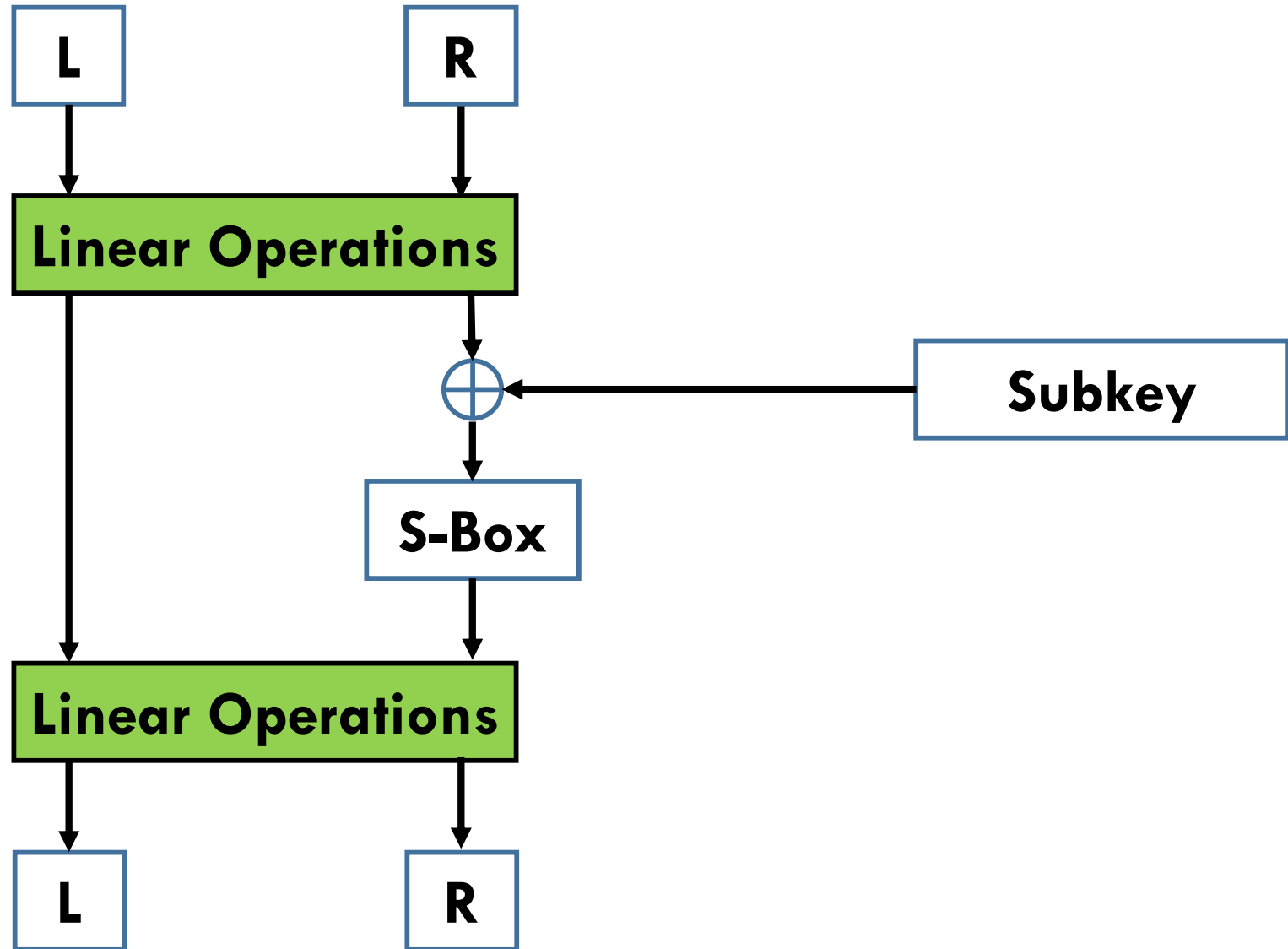




# Differential Cryptanalysis

Where your disillusionment dies.

# DES



# S-Box

Substitution boxes

Non-Linear

Can't represent output bits as linear operation of input bits.

# S-Box

Substitution boxes

Non-Linear

Implemented by a table look-up

# S-Box

S1(101011)

S1

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	E	4	D	1	2	F	B	8	3	A	6	C	5	9	0	7
1	0	F	7	4	E	2	D	1	A	6	C	B	9	5	3	8
2	4	1	E	8	D	6	2	B	F	C	9	7	3	A	5	0
3	F	C	8	2	4	9	1	7	5	B	3	E	A	0	6	D

S2

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	F	1	8	E	6	B	3	4	9	7	2	D	C	0	5	A
1	3	D	4	7	F	2	8	E	C	0	1	A	6	9	B	5
2	0	E	7	B	A	4	D	1	5	8	C	6	9	3	2	F
3	D	8	A	1	3	F	4	2	B	6	7	C	0	5	E	9

S3

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	A	0	9	E	6	3	F	5	1	D	C	7	B	4	2	8
1	D	7	0	9	3	4	6	A	2	8	5	E	C	B	F	1
2	D	6	4	9	8	F	3	0	B	1	2	C	5	A	E	7
3	1	A	D	0	6	9	8	7	4	F	E	3	B	5	2	C

S4

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	7	D	E	3	0	6	9	A	1	2	8	5	B	C	4	F
1	D	8	B	5	6	F	0	3	4	7	2	C	1	A	E	9
2	A	6	9	0	C	B	7	D	F	1	3	E	5	2	8	4
3	3	F	0	6	A	1	D	8	9	4	5	B	C	7	2	E

S5

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	2	C	4	1	7	A	B	6	8	5	3	F	D	0	E	9
1	E	B	2	C	4	7	D	1	5	0	F	A	3	9	8	6
2	4	2	1	B	A	D	7	8	F	9	C	5	6	3	0	E
3	B	8	C	7	1	E	2	D	6	F	0	9	A	4	5	3

S6

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	C	1	A	F	9	2	6	8	0	D	3	4	E	7	5	B
1	A	F	4	2	7	C	9	5	6	1	D	E	0	B	3	8
2	9	E	F	5	2	8	C	3	7	0	4	A	1	D	B	6
3	4	3	2	C	9	5	F	A	B	E	1	7	6	0	8	D

S7

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	4	B	2	E	F	0	8	D	3	C	9	7	5	A	6	1
1	D	0	B	7	4	9	1	A	E	3	5	C	2	F	8	6
2	1	4	B	D	C	3	7	E	A	F	6	8	0	5	9	2
3	6	B	D	8	1	4	A	7	9	5	0	F	E	2	3	C

S8

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	D	2	8	4	6	F	B	1	A	9	3	E	5	0	C	7
1	1	F	D	8	A	3	7	4	C	5	6	B	0	E	9	2
2	7	B	4	1	9	C	E	2	0	6	A	D	F	3	5	8
3	2	1	E	7	4	A	8	D	F	C	9	0	3	5	6	B

# S-Box

S1(101011)

S1

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	E	4	D	1	2	F	B	8	3	A	6	C	5	9	0	7
1	0	F	7	4	E	2	D	1	A	6	C	B	9	5	3	8
2	4	1	E	8	D	6	2	B	F	C	9	7	3	A	5	0
3	F	C	8	2	4	9	1	7	5	B	3	E	A	0	6	D

S2

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	F	1	8	E	6	B	3	4	9	7	2	D	C	0	5	A
1	3	D	4	7	F	2	8	E	C	0	1	A	6	9	B	5
2	0	E	7	B	A	4	D	1	5	8	C	6	9	3	2	F
3	D	8	A	1	3	F	4	2	B	6	7	C	0	5	E	9

S3

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	A	0	9	E	6	3	F	5	1	D	C	7	B	4	2	8
1	D	7	0	9	3	4	6	A	2	8	5	E	C	B	F	1
2	D	6	4	9	8	F	3	0	B	1	2	C	5	A	E	7
3	1	A	D	0	6	9	8	7	4	F	E	3	B	5	2	C

S4

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	7	D	E	3	0	6	9	A	1	2	8	5	B	C	4	F
1	D	8	B	5	6	F	0	3	4	7	2	C	1	A	E	9
2	A	6	9	0	C	B	7	D	F	1	3	E	5	2	8	4
3	3	F	0	6	A	1	D	8	9	4	5	B	C	7	2	E

S5

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	2	C	4	1	7	A	B	6	8	5	3	F	D	0	E	9
1	E	B	2	C	4	7	D	1	5	0	F	A	3	9	8	6
2	4	2	1	B	A	D	7	8	F	9	C	5	6	3	0	E
3	B	8	C	7	1	E	2	D	6	F	0	9	A	4	5	3

S6

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	C	1	A	F	9	2	6	8	0	D	3	4	E	7	5	B
1	A	F	4	2	7	C	9	5	6	1	D	E	0	B	3	8
2	9	E	F	5	2	8	C	3	7	0	4	A	1	D	B	6
3	4	3	2	C	9	5	F	A	B	E	1	7	6	0	8	D

S7

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	4	B	2	E	F	0	8	D	3	C	9	7	5	A	6	1
1	D	0	B	7	4	9	1	A	E	3	5	C	2	F	8	6
2	1	4	B	D	C	3	7	E	A	F	6	8	0	5	9	2
3	6	B	D	8	1	4	A	7	9	5	0	F	E	2	3	C

S8

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	D	2	8	4	6	F	B	1	A	9	3	E	5	0	C	7
1	1	F	D	8	A	3	7	4	C	5	6	B	0	E	9	2
2	7	B	4	1	9	C	E	2	0	6	A	D	F	3	5	8
3	2	1	E	7	4	A	8	D	F	C	9	0	3	5	6	B

# S-Box

$$S_1(101011) = 7$$

S1

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	E	4	D	1	2	F	B	8	3	A	6	C	5	9	0	7
1	0	F	7	4	E	2	D	1	A	6	C	B	9	5	3	8
2	4	1	E	8	D	6	2	B	F	C	9	7	3	A	5	0
3	F	C	8	2	4	9	1	7	5	B	3	E	A	0	6	D

S2

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	F	1	8	E	6	B	3	4	9	7	2	D	C	0	5	A
1	3	D	4	7	F	2	8	E	C	0	1	A	6	9	B	5
2	0	E	7	B	A	4	D	1	5	8	C	6	9	3	2	F
3	D	8	A	1	3	F	4	2	B	6	7	C	0	5	E	9

S3

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	A	0	9	E	6	3	F	5	1	D	C	7	B	4	2	8
1	D	7	0	9	3	4	6	A	2	8	5	E	C	B	F	1
2	D	6	4	9	8	F	3	0	B	1	2	C	5	A	E	7
3	1	A	D	0	6	9	8	7	4	F	E	3	B	5	2	C

S4

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	7	D	E	3	0	6	9	A	1	2	8	5	B	C	4	F
1	D	8	B	5	6	F	0	3	4	7	2	C	1	A	E	9
2	A	6	9	0	C	B	7	D	F	1	3	E	5	2	8	4
3	3	F	0	6	A	1	D	8	9	4	5	B	C	7	2	E

S5

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	2	C	4	1	7	A	B	6	8	5	3	F	D	0	E	9
1	E	B	2	C	4	7	D	1	5	0	F	A	3	9	8	6
2	4	2	1	B	A	D	7	8	F	9	C	5	6	3	0	E
3	B	8	C	7	1	E	2	D	6	F	0	9	A	4	5	3

S6

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	C	1	A	F	9	2	6	8	0	D	3	4	E	7	5	B
1	A	F	4	2	7	C	9	5	6	1	D	E	0	B	3	8
2	9	E	F	5	2	8	C	3	7	0	4	A	1	D	B	6
3	4	3	2	C	9	5	F	A	B	E	1	7	6	0	8	D

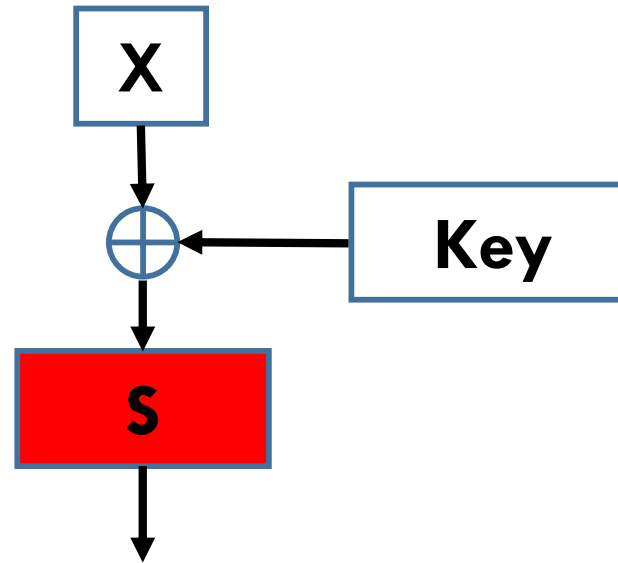
S7

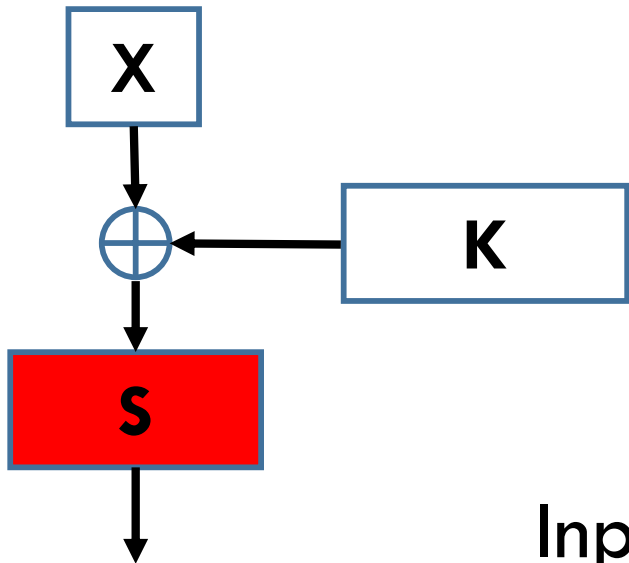
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	4	B	2	E	F	0	8	D	3	C	9	7	5	A	6	1
1	D	0	B	7	4	9	1	A	E	3	5	C	2	F	8	6
2	1	4	B	D	C	3	7	E	A	F	6	8	0	5	9	2
3	6	B	D	8	1	4	A	7	9	5	0	F	E	2	3	C

S8

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	D	2	8	4	6	F	B	1	A	9	3	E	5	0	C	7
1	1	F	D	8	A	3	7	4	C	5	6	B	0	E	9	2
2	7	B	4	1	9	C	E	2	0	6	A	D	F	3	5	8
3	2	1	E	7	4	A	8	D	F	C	9	0	3	5	6	B

# How can we use an S-box?





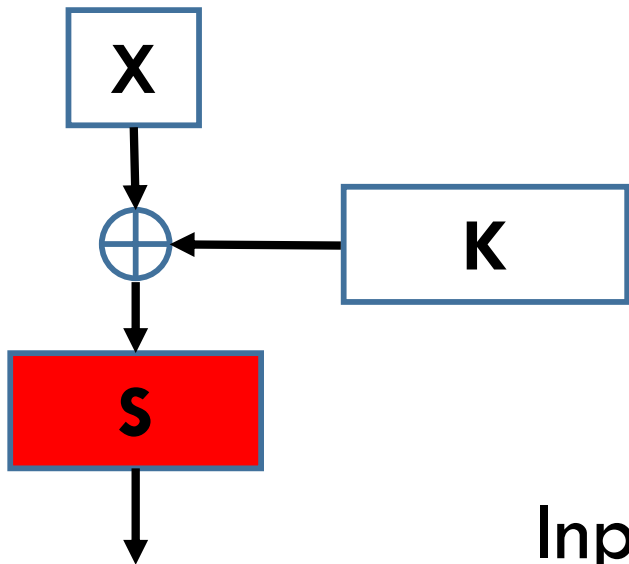
	00	01	10	11
0	10	01	11	00
1	00	10	01	11

Inputs are known

$$X_1 = 110 \text{ and } X_2 = 010$$

Outputs of S-box known

$$S(X_1 \oplus K) = 10 \text{ and } S(X_2 \oplus K) = 01$$



	00	01	10	11
0	10	01	11	00
1	00	10	01	11

Inputs are known

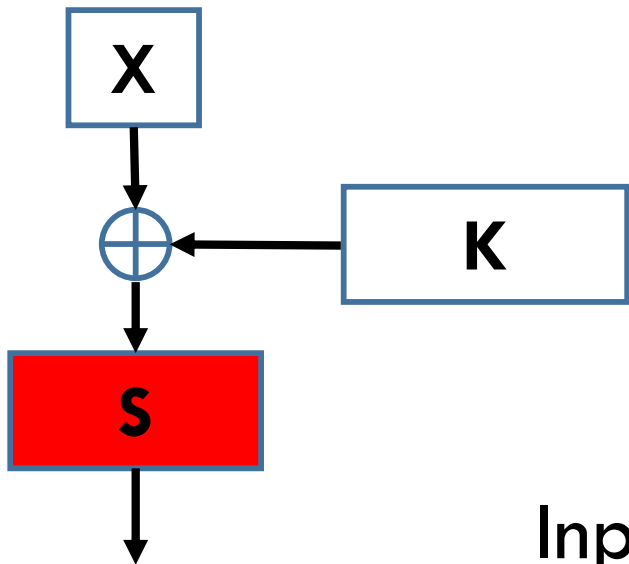
$$X_1 = 110 \text{ and } X_2 = 010$$

Outputs of S-box known

$$S(X_1 \oplus K) = 10 \text{ and } S(X_2 \oplus K) = 01$$

$$X_1 \oplus K \in \{000, 101\}$$

$$\Rightarrow K \in \{110, 011\}$$



	00	01	10	11
0	10	01	11	00
1	00	10	01	11

Inputs are known

$$X_1 = 110 \text{ and } X_2 = 010$$

Outputs of S-box known

$$S(X_1 \oplus K) = 10 \text{ and } S(X_2 \oplus K) = 01$$

$$X_1 \oplus K \in \{000, 101\}$$

$$\Rightarrow K \in \{110, 011\}$$

$$\mathbf{K=011}$$

$$X_2 \oplus K \in \{001, 110\}$$

$$\Rightarrow K \in \{011, 100\}$$

# Differences

Focus on input and output differences.

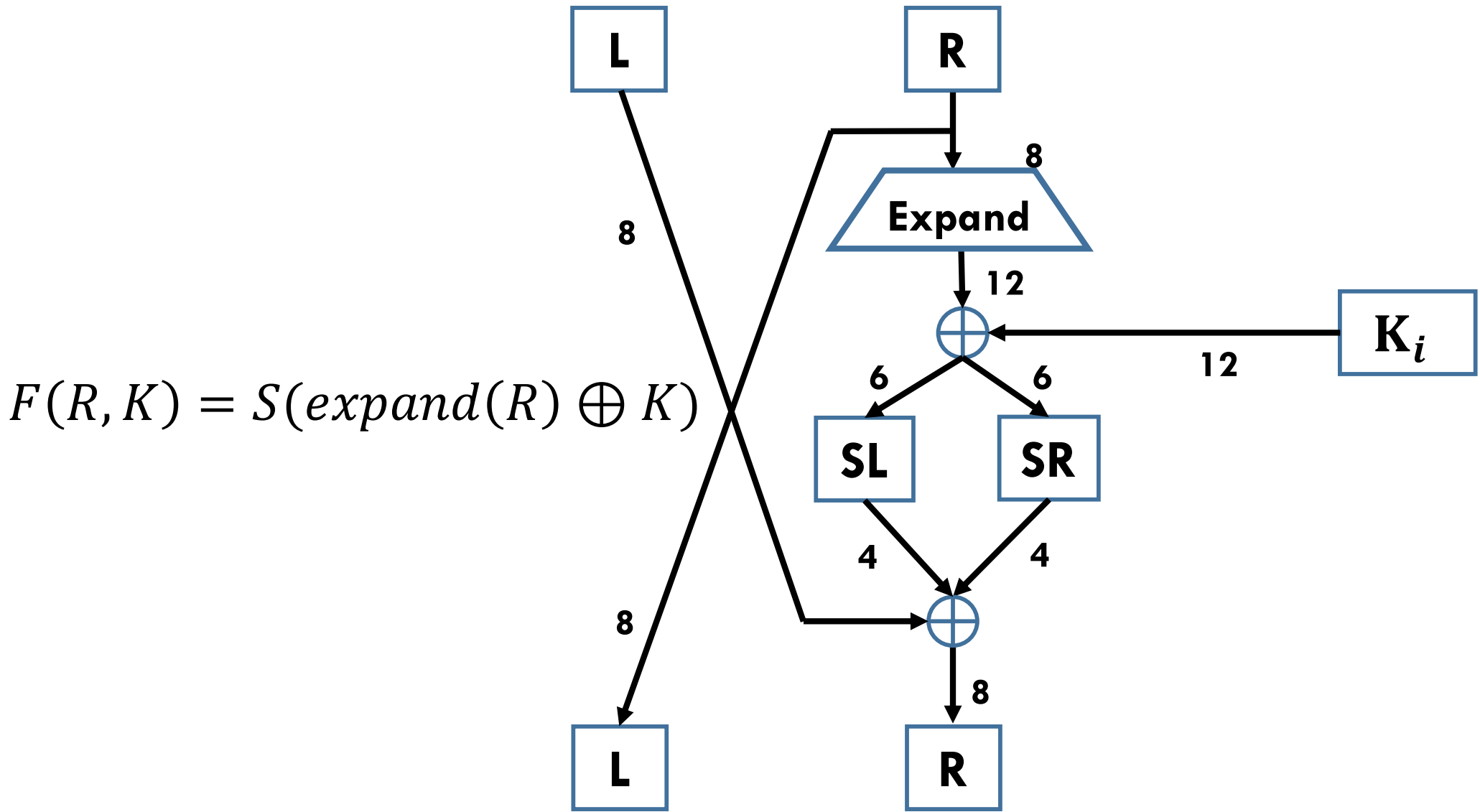
We know the inputs  $X_1$  and  $X_2$ . But the input to the S-boxes are  $X_1 \oplus K$  and  $X_2 \oplus K$ .

XOR of the input to the S-box

$$(X_1 \oplus K) \oplus (X_2 \oplus K) = X_1 \oplus X_2$$

The difference is independent of the key.

# TINY DES (TDES)



$x_0x_5$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	C	5	0	A	E	7	2	8	D	4	3	9	6	F	1	B
1	1	C	9	6	3	E	B	2	F	8	4	5	D	A	0	7
2	F	A	E	6	D	8	2	4	1	7	9	0	3	5	B	C
3	0	A	3	C	8	2	1	E	9	7	F	6	B	5	D	4

$$K_1 = k_2k_4k_5k_6k_7k_1k_{10}k_{11}k_{12}k_{14}k_{15}k_8$$

$$K_2 = k_4k_6k_7k_0k_1k_3k_{11}k_{12}k_{13}k_{15}k_8k_9$$

$$K_3 = k_6k_0k_1k_2k_3k_5k_{12}k_{13}k_{14}k_8k_9k_{10}$$

$$K_4 = k_0k_2k_3k_4k_5k_7k_{13}k_{14}k_{15}k_9k_{10}k_{11}$$

$x_0x_5$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	C	5	0	A	E	7	2	8	D	4	3	9	6	F	1	B
1	1	C	9	6	3	E	B	2	F	8	4	5	D	A	0	7
2	F	A	E	6	D	8	2	4	1	7	9	0	3	5	B	C
3	0	A	3	C	8	2	1	E	9	7	F	6	B	5	D	4

$$K_1 = k_2k_4k_5k_6k_7k_1k_{10}k_{11}k_{12}k_{14}k_{15}k_8$$

$$K_2 = k_4k_6k_7k_0k_1k_3k_{11}k_{12}k_{13}k_{15}k_8k_9$$

$$K_3 = k_6k_0k_1k_2k_3k_5k_{12}k_{13}k_{14}k_8k_9k_{10}$$

$$K_4 = k_0k_2k_3k_4k_5k_7k_{13}k_{14}k_{15}k_9k_{10}k_{11}$$

$$\text{expand}(R) = \text{expand}(r_0r_1 \cdots r_7) = (r_4r_7r_2r_1r_5r_7r_0r_2r_6r_5r_0r_3)$$

$$X_1 \oplus X_2 = 001000 \Rightarrow SR(X_1) \oplus SR(X_2) = 0010 \quad \text{with probability } \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\text{If } X_1 \oplus X_2 = 000000 \Rightarrow SR(X_1) \oplus SR(X_2) = 0000 \quad \text{with probability } 1$$

## Chosen plaintext attack

$$P = (L_0 || R_0) \text{ and } \tilde{P} = (\tilde{L}_0 || \tilde{R}_0)$$

$$P \oplus \tilde{P} = (L_0 || R_0) \oplus (\tilde{L}_0 || \tilde{R}_0) = 0000 \ 0000 \ 0000 \ 0010 = 0x0002$$

Is the “expand” function linear?

$$\mathit{expand}(X_1) \oplus \mathit{expand}(X_2) = \mathit{expand}(X_1 \oplus X_2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} R_0 \oplus \tilde{R}_0 = 0000\ 0010 &\implies \mathit{expand}(R_0) \oplus \mathit{expand}(\tilde{R}_0) = \mathit{expand}(R_0 \oplus \tilde{R}_0) \\ &= \mathit{expand}(0000\ 0010) \\ &= 000000\ 001000 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F(R_0, K) \oplus F(\tilde{R}_0, K) &= S(e(R_0) \oplus K) \oplus S(e(\tilde{R}_0) \oplus K) \\ &= 0000\ 0010 \text{ with probability } 3/4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
R_2 \oplus \widetilde{R}_2 &= (L_1 \oplus F(R_1, K_2)) \oplus (\widetilde{L}_1 \oplus F(\widetilde{R}_1, K_2)) \\
&= (L_1 \oplus \widetilde{L}_1) \oplus (F(R_1, K_2) \oplus F(\widetilde{R}_1, K_2)) \\
&= (R_0 \oplus \widetilde{R}_0) \oplus (F(R_1, K_2) \oplus F(\widetilde{R}_1, K_2)) \\
&= 0000\ 0010 \oplus 0000\ 0010 \\
&= 0000\ 0000
\end{aligned}$$

With probability  $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4}$

$(L_0  R_0) = P$	$(\tilde{L}_0  \tilde{R}_0) = \tilde{P}$	$P \oplus \tilde{P} = 0x0002$	Probability
$L_1 = R_0$	$\tilde{L}_1 = \tilde{R}_0$		
$R_1 = L_0 \oplus F(R_0, K_1)$	$\tilde{R}_1 = \tilde{L}_0 \oplus F(\tilde{R}_0, K_1)$	$(L_1  R_1) \oplus (\tilde{L}_1  \tilde{R}_1) = 0x0202$	$3/4$
$L_2 = R_1$	$\tilde{L}_2 = \tilde{R}_1$		
$R_2 = L_1 \oplus F(R_1, K_2)$	$\tilde{R}_2 = \tilde{L}_1 \oplus F(\tilde{R}_1, K_2)$	$(L_2  R_2) \oplus (\tilde{L}_2  \tilde{R}_2) = 0x0200$	$(3/4)^2$
$L_3 = R_2$	$\tilde{L}_3 = \tilde{R}_2$		
$R_3 = L_2 \oplus F(R_2, K_3)$	$\tilde{R}_3 = \tilde{L}_2 \oplus F(\tilde{R}_2, K_3)$	$(L_3  R_3) \oplus (\tilde{L}_3  \tilde{R}_3) = 0x0002$	$(3/4)^2$
$L_4 = R_3$	$\tilde{L}_4 = \tilde{R}_3$		
$R_4 = L_3 \oplus F(R_3, K_4)$	$\tilde{R}_4 = \tilde{L}_3 \oplus F(\tilde{R}_3, K_4)$	$(L_4  R_4) \oplus (\tilde{L}_4  \tilde{R}_4) = 0x0202$	$(3/4)^3$
$C = (L_4  R_4)$	$C = (\tilde{L}_4  \tilde{R}_4)$	$C \oplus \tilde{C} = 0x0202$	

# Recovering the key

What do we have?

$$P \oplus \tilde{P} \Rightarrow (L_0 \oplus \tilde{L}_0) || (R_0 \oplus \tilde{R}_0)$$

$$C \oplus \tilde{C} \Rightarrow (L_4 \oplus \tilde{L}_4) || (R_4 \oplus \tilde{R}_4)$$

$$R_4 = L_3 \oplus F(R_3, K_4) \text{ and } \tilde{R}_4 = \tilde{L}_3 \oplus F(\tilde{R}_3, K_4)$$

$$\Rightarrow R_4 = L_3 \oplus F(L_4, K_4) \text{ and } \tilde{R}_4 = \tilde{L}_3 \oplus F(\tilde{L}_4, K_4)$$

$$\Rightarrow L_3 = R_4 \oplus F(L_4, K_4) \text{ and } \tilde{L}_3 = \tilde{R}_4 \oplus F(\tilde{L}_4, K_4)$$

If

$$C \oplus \tilde{C} = 0x0202,$$

with high probability,

$$\begin{aligned} L_3 &= \tilde{L}_3 \\ \Rightarrow R_4 \oplus F(L_4, K_4) &= \tilde{R}_4 \oplus F(\tilde{L}_4, K_4) \\ \Rightarrow R_4 \oplus \tilde{R}_4 &= F(L_4, K_4) \oplus F(\tilde{L}_4, K_4) \end{aligned}$$

If

$$C \oplus \tilde{C} = 0x0202,$$

with high probability,

$$\begin{aligned} L_3 &= \tilde{L}_3 \\ \Rightarrow R_4 \oplus F(L_4, K_4) &= \tilde{R}_4 \oplus F(\tilde{L}_4, K_4) \\ \Rightarrow R_4 \oplus \tilde{R}_4 &= F(L_4, K_4) \oplus F(\tilde{L}_4, K_4) \end{aligned}$$

Let,

$$L_4 = l_0 l_1 l_2 l_3 l_4 l_5 l_6 l_7 \text{ and } \tilde{L}_4 = \tilde{l}_0 \tilde{l}_1 \tilde{l}_2 \tilde{l}_3 \tilde{l}_4 \tilde{l}_5 \tilde{l}_6 \tilde{l}_7$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned} 0000 \ 0010 &= (SL(l_4 l_7 l_2 l_1 l_5 l_7 \oplus k_0 k_2 k_3 k_4 k_5 k_7) || SR(l_0 l_2 l_6 l_5 l_0 l_3 \oplus k_{13} k_{14} k_{15} k_9 k_{10} k_{11})) \\ &\oplus (SL(\tilde{l}_4 \tilde{l}_7 \tilde{l}_2 \tilde{l}_1 \tilde{l}_5 \tilde{l}_7 \oplus k_0 k_2 k_3 k_4 k_5 k_7) || SR(\tilde{l}_0 \tilde{l}_2 \tilde{l}_6 \tilde{l}_5 \tilde{l}_0 \tilde{l}_3 \oplus k_{13} k_{14} k_{15} k_9 k_{10} k_{11})) \end{aligned}$$

# Algorithm

1. Pick **plaintext pairs** with the **given difference**.
2. Run the algorithm with the unknown key to get ciphertext pairs.
3. **Discard ciphertext pairs** that don't satisfy output difference.
4. For all possible values of the 6 key bits identified, check if the derived **condition** holds.

---

```

count[i] = 0, for  $i = 0, 1, \dots, 63$ 
for  $i = 1$  to iterations
    Choose  $P$  and  $\tilde{P}$  with  $P \oplus \tilde{P} = 0x0002$ 
    Obtain corresponding  $C = c_0c_1 \dots c_{15}$  and  $\tilde{C} = \tilde{c}_0\tilde{c}_1 \dots \tilde{c}_{15}$ 
    if  $C \oplus \tilde{C} = 0x0202$  then
         $l_i = c_i$  and  $\tilde{l}_i = \tilde{c}_i$  for  $i = 0, 1, \dots, 7$ 
        for  $K = 0$  to 63
            if  $0010 == (\text{SboxRight}(l_0l_2l_6l_5l_0l_3 \oplus K)$ 
                 $\oplus \text{SboxRight}(\tilde{l}_0\tilde{l}_2\tilde{l}_6\tilde{l}_5\tilde{l}_0\tilde{l}_3 \oplus K))$  then
                    increment count[ $K$ ]
                end if
            next  $K$ 
        end if
    end if
next  $i$ 

```

---

These key bits can be **guessed separately** from the others.

The remaining keys bits can be guessed by **exhaustive search** with one cipher text.

Thus an overall complexity of about  $2^{11}$  which is better than the exhaustive search over the entire keyspace.

# Swept under the rug

What is a good probability?

How many plaintextpairs do we need?

Are there assumptions that we've taken for granted?

**Thank you**