

INDIAN STATISTICAL INSTITUTE

End Semestral Examination

M. Tech (CS) - I Year, 2018-2019 (Semester - I)

Probability and Stochastic Processes

Problem Sheet II

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- (Q1) Independent trials, consisting of rolling a pair of fair dice, are performed. What is the probability that an outcome of 5 appears before an outcome of 7 when the outcome of a roll is the sum of dice?
- (Q2) A permutation is a one-to-one and onto function $\pi : A \rightarrow A$, where $A = \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$. A fixed-point of a permutation is defined as an index i for which $\pi(i) = i$. A cycle of a permutation is defined as a set of indices $\{i_1, i_2, \dots, i_k\} \in A, k \leq n$, such that $\pi(i_1) = i_2, \pi(i_2) = i_3, \dots, \pi(i_{k-1}) = i_k$, and $\pi(i_k) = i_1$.
- (i) Design a method that generates any permutation of A with equal probability $\frac{1}{n!}$. Prove your result.
- (ii) What is the expected number of fixed points in a random permutation?
- (iii) What is the expected number of cycles in a random permutation?
- (Q3) If E and F are independent, then so are (i) E and \bar{F} ; and (ii) \bar{E} and \bar{F} .
- (Q4) If $\Pr(A) > 0$, show that $\Pr(AB | A) \geq \Pr(AB | A \cup B)$.
- (Q5) Prove that if E_1, E_2, \dots, E_n are independent events, then

$$\Pr(E_1 \cup E_2 \cup \dots \cup E_n) = 1 - \prod_{i=1}^n (1 - \Pr(E_i))$$

- (Q6) Assume that the events A_1, A_2, A_3 and A_4 are independent. Also, $\Pr(A_3 \cap A_4) > 0$. Show that $\Pr(A_1 \cup A_2 | A_3 \cap A_4) = \Pr(A_1 \cup A_2)$.
- (Q7) Consider a record of n wins and m losses for a team. Assume that all $\frac{(n+m)!}{n!m!}$ orderings of n wins and m losses are equally likely. We define a run as a consecutive sequence of wins. Find the probability that there will be exactly r runs of wins.
- (Q8) A parallel system having n components functions when at least one of the components functions. A component i , independent of other components, functions with probability $p_i, i = 1, \dots, n$. What is the probability that the system functions?
- (Q9) Let A, B , and C be independent events, with $\Pr(C) > 0$. Prove that A and B are conditionally independent given C .
- (Q10) Let X be a random variable defined over a sample space Ω such that $E[X] = \mu$. Show that $\Pr(X \geq \mu) > 0$ and $\Pr(X \leq \mu) > 0$.
- [Hints: Can you try to prove using contradiction?]